

WAILUKU WEATHER table with columns for date, max, min, and rainfall.

SEMI-WEEKLY MAUI NEWS
"FOR THE VALLEY ISLE FIRST"

THIS WEEK'S MAILS table listing mail delivery times for various locations.

22nd YEAR—No. 1141. SEMI-WEEKLY MAUI NEWS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1921. PRICE 5 CENTS

Limitation of Armament Conference In Sessions
Britain and Japan Accept Principles of Proposals
This Morning; Hughes' Statement of Purposes So Far Reaching World Is Astounded.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—America's plans for limitation of armament were outlined to the conference which organized Saturday morning by Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes, following his selection to preside over the deliberations of the conference and were far more wide reaching than had been anticipated. Briefly summarized they are:
First—All capital ship building programs, actual or projected, will be abandoned.
Second—Certain old ships shall be scrapped.
Third—General regard should be had for the existing naval strength of the powers concerned.
Fourth—Capital ship tonnage shall be used to measure the comparative strength of the navies of the world and a proportionate allowance shall be made for auxiliary and combatant craft prescribed.
The great powers should destroy immediately 66 capital ships built and building, aggregating 1,878,043 tons within three months of making the agreement. After this is done the strength of the three great sea powers would stand as follows:
United States, 500,650; Great Britain, 604,450, and Japan, 299,700. Eventually they will be reduced to a strength of 500,000 tons each for the United States and Great Britain and be increased to 300,000 tons for Japan.
Halt 15 U. S. Ships
Adoption of this program would mean that the United States would scrap 15 capital ships now government already has spent \$333,000,000.
These ships represent 618,000 tons in addition, the United States would scrap 15 older ships, representing 227,740 tons.
Great Britain would stop construction on four ships of the Hood type and scrap all of her first and second line battleships up to the King George V class. This would represent 683,375 tons.
Japan would abandon her plans for the two battleships and four battle cruisers now under construction and 10 second line battleships. The tonnage of these vessels, built and under construction, aggregate 448,928 tons.
A provision is made permitting the replacement of capital ships when they are 20 years old and prohibiting the construction of any ship built in replacement exceeding 35,000 tons.
Would Have 18 Left
Within three months of signing the agreement, as proposed, the United States would have the following capital ships afloat: Maryland, California, Tennessee, Idaho, Mississippi, New Mexico, Arizona, Pennsylvania, Oklahoma, Nevada, Texas, New York, Arkansas, Wyoming, Utah, Florida, North Dakota and Delaware, totaling 18.
Britain would have 22 capital ships, and Japan 10, as follows: Nagato, Niuga, Ise, Yamashiro, Fuso, Sotatsu, Kikishima, Haruna, Hiei, Kongo.
Secretary Hughes added that "the plan includes provision for limitation of auxiliary craft, including cruisers, destroyers, submarines and airplane carriers.
"Preparation for future naval warfare shall stop now," said Mr. Hughes as he presented the program.
John W. Garrett of Baltimore, former minister to Holland, was elected secretary-general of the conference, which adjourned until this morning.
President Welcomes Delegates
The conference was called to order by Secretary of State Hughes at 10:30 o'clock immediately following the arrival of President Harding, a brief prayer was said by Rev. W. S. Abernathy and Secretary Hughes introduced "the President of the United States." President Harding welcomed the delegates and said that he believed the conference was an earnest of an awakened conscience of the civilization of the twentieth century. In calling the conference America had no sordid ends in view, sought no territorial expansion or aggrandizement. The conference was not one of sorrow and remorse, but of international good will, met for a service to mankind.
In the hall the delegates were seated in the form of a hollow square. At the head were the United States representatives, Secretary of State Charles Evan Hughes, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, former Secretary of State Elihu Root and Senator Oscar Underwood. On their right were the French delegates and on their left the British. Next to the French were the Japanese and next to the British the Italian delegates. Portuguese, Belgian, Chinese and Dutch delegates were at the foot of the table.
Foreign Delegates Startled
Following the welcoming address of the President, former Premier of Great Britain Balfour nominated Charles E. Hughes of the United States to preside. And his election was followed by his speech explaining the purposes of the conference and presenting the plan of the United States. Hughes' proposals were so much

Consul Yada Looks For Chinese Labor To Come to Hawaii

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—Consul General Yada of Japan, speaking at the Makiki Japanese Church, is reported by the Nippon Jiji to have forecast the success of Hawaii in securing Chinese labor for agricultural industries. He is reported to have said: "I believe the proposal for the importation of Chinese coolie labor will succeed to a certain extent and to a certain limit. Eighty percent of Hawaii's sugar industry today is harrassed by shortage of labor and low prices. I cannot say what positions now held by Japanese would be taken if large numbers of Chinese laborers came but the Japanese must be prepared to meet conditions and so must form in the minds of their employers that the Japanese make the best laborers."

Consignment of Beer For Hawaii Expected To Arrive Shortly

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—Col. Howard Hathaway, collector of internal revenue, has received a copy of the regulations permitting the prescribing of beer by physicians for medicinal purposes.
The limits put upon purchases of beer and wines and stronger liquors are two and a half gallons of beer, two quarts of wine and one quart of whiskey within ten days. The regulations warn physicians that they are liable to prosecution if they drink their own prescriptions.
Hawaii's first consignment of beer under the new regulations is expected to arrive shortly. It is doubtful if there will be any attempt to revive the brewing industry here under the regulations because of the heavy expense involved.

Former German Ships For Islands Traffic

(Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Los Angeles has asked the shipping board for the allocation of three former German liners for tourist traffic between that city and Hawaii.
Applications from various cities for allocation of shipping were heard by the board yesterday. The Puget Sound district applied for five 555 footers and advocated the establishment of lines to Siberia, China, Japan and the Philippines. Portland asked that three 502s be allocated to the Columbia Pacific Steamship Company and San Francisco asked for five 555s and two 502s for bi-monthly service to the Far East. San Diego asked for an allocation for the developing of cotton trade with Japan.

CLASH IN INDIA

(Associated Press)
MADRAS, Ind., Nov. 15.—Dispatches from Calicut tell of an engagement between government forces and rebels near Vayakad. An officer and 12 soldiers wounded and heavy casualties suffered by the rebels are reported.

ARRESTS IN LISBON

(Associated Press)
LISBON, Nov. 15.—Two arrests have been made of communists alleged to have been connected with the bomb explosion at the American consulate here on November 1.

PEACE PROCLAIMED

(Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Harding signed the proclamation of peace between the United States and Germany yesterday. There were no ceremonies and no one was present but the president and his secretary.

a statement of Japan's similar acceptance.
It is understood the United States is not prepared to reduce her submarines below the 90,000 tons allotted in the statement of Secretary Hughes on Saturday because the submarine plays so important a part in the plans for the defense of the long coast lines of this country.

The program for discussions provides for the resolving of the conference into two committees, one of the whole on armaments and the other on Far Eastern questions thus removing real negotiations from the open sessions of the conference into executive sessions in committee rooms.
It is understood that during the proposed ten years of naval building holiday Japan would face an extensive building program in bringing her destroyers, cruisers and auxiliary craft up to the limit allotted to her. Reports from Tokyo say that keen satisfaction and admiration at the terms of the proposals to the conference were the keynote of the first newspaper comments in Japan.

Body of Nameless Hero Laid At Rest

President Harding Delivers Address and Final Impersonal Honors Are Paid at Arlington Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—With appropriate ceremonies the body of the unknown American soldier selected for honors symbolic of all the American unknown and known dead of the war was laid away in Arlington Cemetery this afternoon.
The cortege arrived at Arlington shortly after 11 o'clock. The great amphitheater was filled and thousands of persons stood outside. The audience included Marshal Ferdinand Foch of France, who was generalissimo of the allied armies during the latter days of the war; General Baron Jacques of Belgium; Sir Auckland Geddes, the ambassador of Great Britain to the United States; General Armando Diaz, Italy's "man of destiny"; Admiral Earl Beatty, who commanded the British grand fleet; Premier Aristide Briand of France, and Chief Plenty Coos of the Crow Indians, who was in the war regalia of his tribe.
The audience rose as the casket was carried in by the "honor guard of heroes." President and Mrs. Harding arrived at 11:50.

Entire Nation at Prayer

Promptly at noon a bugle sounded "Attention." All in the audience stood and the entire nation paused for two minutes in silent prayer for the nation's dead.

The chaplain prayed and the band then played "America."

Secretary of War Weeks spoke briefly in preface to the address of President Harding.

As the nation's chief executive began speaking, the sun broke through the haze and a sapphire blue sky appeared.

The President's address was carried over a telephone wire and was amplified so that it was heard by great audiences in New York and San Francisco.
"We are met to pay an impersonal tribute," the President began. "The name of him whose body lies before us took flight with his imperishable soul. We know not whence he came, but only that his death marks him with the everlasting glory of an American dying for his country."

"No Such Sacrifice Again"

"Greater love than this hath no man, that he lay down his life for his friend," is in our minds on such an occasion as this, when our thoughts alternate between our defenders, living and dead.

"Our part is to compensate for one of the losses of the heroic dead by making a better republic for the living. With all my heart I wish that we might say to the defenders who survive, to the mothers who sorrow, to the widows and children who mourn, that no such sacrifice shall be asked again."

"I speak not as a pacifist, fearing war, but as one who loves justice and hates war. I speak as one who believes that the highest function of government is to give its citizens the security of peace and an opportunity to achieve and to pursue happiness."

"The most loving tribute we can bestow is to commit this republic to an advancement never made before—let us give of our influence, strength, aspirations and convictions to put mankind on a higher plane, with wars and tragedies barred from the stage of righteous civilization."

The Dawn of a New Era

"As we return this poor clay to its mother soil, garlanded by love and covered with decorations that only nations can bestow, I can sense the prayer of our people and of all peoples that this Armistice Day shall mark the beginning of a new era of peace on earth, good will among men. Let me join that prayer:

"Our Father which are in heaven, Hallowed be Thy name, Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For Thine is the kingdom, and the power and the glory, forever. Amen."

The Metropolitan Grand Opera quartet sang "The Supreme Sacrifice" followed by another prayer.

BOOZE SEIZED ON SHIP

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—Customs officers yesterday seized a large quantity of liquor aboard the Buckeye State following her arrival here. There were six boxes which were labeled "canned corn" and "canned beans" with no destination indicated which were found to contain sparkling Burgundy and Scotch whiskey.

ADVISES ADVERTISING

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—G. F. Harrison, manager of the New York office of Thomas Cook & Sons, the tourist agency, has written to the Hawaii Tourist Bureau advocating a much more extensive advertising campaign. He advises that Hawaii should advertise for tourists as do Mediterranean, Bermuda, Florida and other tourist resorts now running advertising if it is really desired to increase the visits of tourists to Hawaii.

County Accepts Cars Sold It by Holt & Locey Over Protest

Four Hupmobiles sold to the County by Holt & Locey were accepted by the board of supervisors Saturday afternoon. The objections to acceptance offered by Royal Hawaiian Sales Company through D. H. Case, its attorney, did not prevail nor was its request for time to produce substantiation of its claims that the cars were not "new" cars and were not standard in equipment granted.

Interest in the morning session of the board centered largely about the automobile controversy. D. H. Case, as attorney for Royal Hawaiian Sales Company, had been granted a hearing and Alexander D. Larnach, who had come over from Honolulu to represent Holt & Locey, presented their side.

Attorney Case produced telegraphic messages to show that the cars were bought in San Francisco by four different individuals, October 18, and 19, sold by them to Schuman and by him to Holt & Locey. He contended that change of ownership from a dealer to an individual made a car "second hand" though a car used by a dealer for demonstration would still be a new car. He presented a book of instructions to dealers to prove that the tire equipment was changed in October and that the cars delivered to the county were not in accordance with such book of instructions. Further he brought out the point that since the bids were opened and the contract let the price of the cars had declined \$275 and said his client would have given the county the benefit of the drop had its bid been accepted, said his client had told the board after bids were opened that the County would get the benefit of any drop after the contract and before delivery. Larnach scouted that idea.

For Holt & Locey Attorney Larnach admitted the points as to four individual purchasers, denies use by such purchasers, said it was the only way the cars could have been obtained by them, commended his clients for showing the county that cars could be bought at prices lower than offered by Island agents and said the effort to prevent acceptance was an attempt to "punish" Holt & Locey for attempting to break in. He finally produced the contract that was signed by the County and Holt & Locey in answer to the point in regard to tire equipment in connection with the catalog from which the advertisement for bids and the contract were prepared.

It was nearly noon when the argument were ended and the board said it would make an announcement at the afternoon session. Immediately on reconvening it voted to accept the cars and ordered payment thereof.

The warrant issued to Holt & Locey before 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon and was deposited in the Baldwin Bank that evening and none too soon for Monday morning the Royal Hawaiian Sales Company applied for an injunction to restrain issuance and payment of the warrant, the application being made in Honolulu according to advices received in Maui yesterday.

Shortly before noon yesterday the county attorney received a wireless from Honolulu that an injunction had been asked and was issuing and asking him to advise the county officers not to issue the warrant. Another message sent to Baldwin Bank asking that institution not to cash the warrant pending the issuance of the injunction which had been asked, but the court proceedings were too late to accomplish their purpose.

Had Judge Burr been at home it might have been different for application for a restraining order could have been made to him at once and if he had granted a temporary writ, payment or issuance might have been stopped on Saturday.

What if any, course the Royal Hawaiian Sales Company may next take has not been revealed.

Churches Must Not Halt Is Message Harding Sends Them

(Associated Press)
DETROIT, Nov. 15.—"Whoever else halts, the churches must march forward more swiftly than they have in the past, else the churches will fall in their high and holy tasks and there will be small hope for civilization" was the message from President Harding read at the opening of the national conference of the heads of Methodist Episcopal churches which opened here this morning.

CURB MARKET ENJOINED

(Associated Press)
NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The court this morning granted a temporary injunction restraining from operation the "curb exchange" as an "unmitigated nuisance." If it shall be sustained and made permanent it will end a business that has been thriving on Broad Street for nearly 150 years.

HELPS BEET GROWERS

(Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The War Finance Corporation has approved the applications for loans amounting to \$4,150,000 to finance Utah and Idaho sugar beet growers.

Ordinance Would Keep Pedestrians On Left of Road

Radical Change Is Designed To Have Those Walking In Roads Face Traffic That Is Approaching Them.

Keep to the left when walking in the road will be the rule under a proposed ordinance which passed first reading Saturday and is published in this paper today, if it shall receive final approval. Doubtless there will be some objection to so radical a change as is proposed but sound arguments in its favor are advanced, especially that by keeping on the left side of the road one faces approaching danger instead of having it come upon him from behind.

It is in section one that the most important provision of the proposed ordinance is contained. It reads:

"Pedestrians traveling on the public highways of the County of Maui shall not use that portion of the highway designed for the use of vehicles except when obliged to do so by the absence of sidewalks reasonably suitable for their use, in which case they shall at all times walk on the left hand side of such highway so as to face traffic approaching from the opposite direction and shall keep as close to the left hand side of such highway as possible."

Section 2 prohibits crossing a highway in the business districts except at corners and established marked crossings if there be such a crossing within 300 feet.

Playing on the highways or use in play on them of roller skates, roller coasters or similar vehicles or toys on wheels or runners, except in districts provided for the purpose by the sheriff, is prohibited in Section 3.

Punishment for violation would be a fine not to exceed \$10 or imprisonment for 30 days.

Trial of Arbuckle Was Started Monday

(Associated Press)
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—This is the second day of the trial of Roscoe Arbuckle, film comedian, on charges of manslaughter for occasioning the death of Virginia Rappe at the notorious "pyjama party" in his rooms in the Palace Hotel. The trial opened yesterday and the work of selecting a jury was started. In the venire there are 13 women.

This morning, as yesterday, Arbuckle appeared very nervous and very much depressed. It is said that he has smiled only once since his arrest, when the charge against him was reduced from murder to manslaughter. At the opening of the trial Attorney McNab announced that there would be no attacks upon the character of Miss Rappe.

Though admission to the court room is by card only, the room was crowded to capacity both yesterday and today. Among those in attendance are members of the Woman's vigilance league.

W. A. Baldwin to Speak at Pine Growers' Conference

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—W. A. Baldwin of the Haiku Fruit Company of Maui will be one of the speakers at the three day agricultural conference of field managers and foreman of pineapple plantations of the Islands which will open here on Thursday.

F. G. Krauss, formerly agricultural expert on Maui and now with the University, Albert Horner, A. T. Longley and H. N. Dennison are among the other announced speakers.

MAIL CARRYING BIDS

(Associated Press)
HONOLULU, Nov. 15.—Postmaster McAdam has begun receiving bids for the carrying of mails in various parts of the territory. These will be submitted to the authorities at Washington. They will cover the four year period from the first of next July to June 30, 1926.

DIES ON TRIP

(Associated Press)
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—Alexander Morrison, one of the party from the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce that is visiting the Orient in the interests of trade in the Far East, died in Singapore of pneumonia, according to advices received this morning.

STOCKS

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Ewa, H. C. & S. Co., McBryde, Oahu, Olan, Pioneer, Waialua, Engles, Wailuku, Haiku Fruit, Sugar, and Honolulu Oil.